

# ***Maintaining Compliance Over Service Providers***

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*Accountants and Consultants*

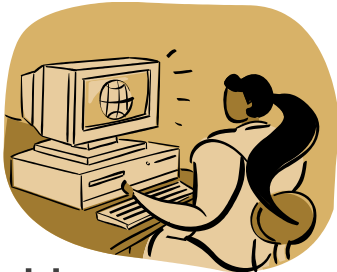
# *Agenda*

- ❖ Definitions
- ❖ Current State
- ❖ Outsourcing
- ❖ Compliance Drivers
- ❖ Risks and Exposures
- ❖ Compliance Strategies (Customer's To-Dos...)
- ❖ Compliance Reporting Considerations
- ❖ Service Organization's Perspective
- ❖ Reporting and Certification Options
- ❖ Assessment Frameworks
- ❖ Service Organization Compliance as a Process

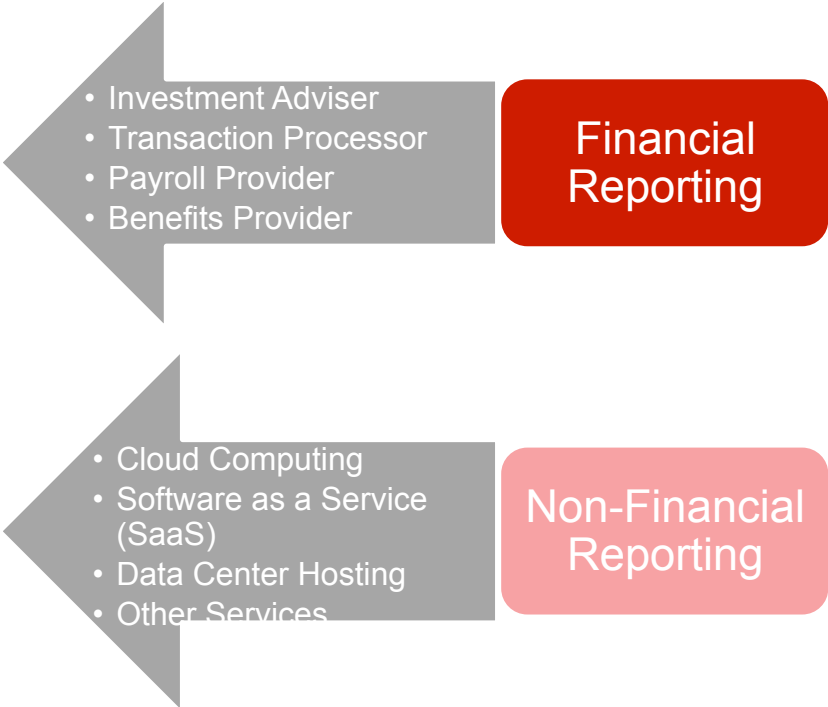
# *Definitions*

- ❖ Service Organization – Service Provider
- ❖ User Organization – Customer
- ❖ User Organization's Auditor/Information Security Team/ Compliance Team – Customer Stakeholders
- ❖ Service Organization Auditor – Independent Third-party

# Current State



Outsourcing



- 1. Efficiency**
- 2. Speed**
- 3. Expertise**
- 4. Agility**
- 5. Cost Effectiveness**

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# *Outsourcing*

## ❖ Traditional Form

- ❖ Mostly Common in Private Sector.

- ❖ Enough Controls at the Customer (Supervisory Level) to minimize risk and exposures. i.e. Quality assurance, reconciliation, user acceptance.

## ❖ Primary Functions

- ❖ Manufacturing, Packaging and Shipping

- ❖ BackOffice Administration and Transaction Processing

- ❖ On-site People and Technology Sourcing

# *Outsourcing*

- ❖ Current Form
  - ❖ Private and Government Sectors.
  - ❖ Multi-tenant Environments with Controls almost absent at the Customer.
- ❖ Primary Functions
  - ❖ Internal Business Functions – Payroll, HR, Benefits Administration, Transaction Processing, Inventory Management, Fulfillment, CRM, Business Intelligence, Printing, Marketing, etc.
  - ❖ Business Technology – Microsoft 360, Google Aps, etc.
  - ❖ Customer Facing Environments – Infrastructure, Managed Services, Hosting, Customer Data Storage, Application Development, Communication, etc.

# *Compliance Drivers*

## ❖ CUSTOMER

- ❖ Mitigate inherent risks with outsourcing
- ❖ Provide transparency
- ❖ Facilitate risk management

## ❖ REGULATION/REGULATORS

- ❖ Industry Specific – SOC, PCI, etc.
- ❖ Federal Government – SOX, HIPAA, FISMA, A133, Energy Reduction Mandates
  - ❖ Gas and Electric rebate programs, other Federal/State initiatives
- ❖ State/Local Government – Most long term programs
  - ❖ Privacy requirements, secure money transmission, child support collections/ payment processing, tax match services, court services

# *Risks and Exposures*

- ❖ Data Integrity
- ❖ Information Management
- ❖ Security
- ❖ Systems Operations
- ❖ Disaster Recovery
- ❖ Regulatory Compliance
- ❖ Business Continuity
- ❖ Intellectual Property Rights
- ❖ Privacy
- ❖ Ownership
- ❖ Right to Audit Clause
- ❖ On-shore or Off-shore
- ❖ Confidentiality
- ❖ Licensing
- ❖ Limitations of Liability
- ❖ Sub-sourcing
- ❖ Reputation
- ❖ Fiduciary Responsibility
- ❖ Exist Strategy
- ❖ Many, Many, Many more...



# ***Compliance Strategies (Customer's To-Dos...)***

- ❖ Preventative – Initial and Ongoing
  - ❖ Perform Due-diligence and Manage Contracts
  - ❖ Understand Roles and Responsibilities
  - ❖ Define SLAs and measurement criteria
  - ❖ Know your Exit Strategy
  - ❖ Document Risks and Implement Mitigation Controls
- ❖ Detective
  - ❖ Implement Supervisory Controls
  - ❖ Monitor SLAs
  - ❖ Review on-going assessments
- ❖ Corrective
  - ❖ Push for change at the Service Provider...

# ***Compliance Reporting Considerations***

- ❖ Scope
- ❖ Testing Methodology
- ❖ Design Effectiveness
- ❖ Point in Time Verification
- ❖ Roles and Responsibilities Boundaries
- ❖ Operating Effectiveness Over a Period of Time
- ❖ Self Evaluation vs. Independent Assessment

# *Service Organization's Perspective*

- ❖ Sales team's key objectives:
  - ❖ Dominate the market
  - ❖ Meet the Customers needs and gain trust
    - ❖ Cost, Compliance, Flexibility
  - ❖ Distinguish themselves from the competitor
- ❖ Operations and Development team's key objectives:
  - ❖ Enable Customers to manage risks and exposures
  - ❖ Cost reduction through standardization of processes
  - ❖ Ensure processing integrity and data reliability
  - ❖ Minimal deviation from standard processes to ensure cost management

# ***Service Organization's Perspective (cont.)***

As a result, Service Organizations can choose to undergo...

- ❖ Independent audit /assessments under various standards and frameworks.
- ❖ Demonstrate consistent application of relevant internal controls.
- ❖ Minimize the customer's need to perform initial and on-going due-diligence audits.
- ❖ Transparency with customers on compliance and audit results.

# Reporting/ Certification Options

Frameworks	Subject Mater
SSAE 16 (SOC 1, 2, and 3)	<i>ICFR and Trust Services Principles Criteria and Illustrations</i>
ISAE 3402 and 3000	International Equivalent of SSAE 16 SOC 1 and SOC 2 respectively.
PCI	Payment Card Industry Standard
HIPAA, HiTech, HiTrust, etc.	Healthcare
ISO 27000	General Information Security
NIST 823/FISMA/Fed Ramp	United States Federal Government
CSA	Cloud Assessments

# ***Service Organization Assessment Frameworks***

- ❖ COBIT – 4 and 5
- ❖ IIA GTAG 7
- ❖ ISO 27001 and 2
- ❖ ITIL
- ❖ CMM
- ❖ COSO
- ❖ PCI
- ❖ FedRamp/FISMA NIST 823
- ❖ WebTrust

# Service Organization Compliance as a Process



Service Organization

Report ↑  
Information ↓



Service Organization Auditor/Examiner/ Assessor

Report

Outsourcing

- Investment Adviser
- Transaction Processor
- Payroll Provider
- Benefits Provider

Financial Reporting

- Cloud Computing
- Software as a Service (SaaS)
- Data Center Hosting
- Other Services

Non-Financial Reporting



User Organization

Information ↑  
Report ↓



User Organization Auditor & Security/ Compliance Department

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