

Best Practices for Securing Mobile Content

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Professional Techniques – T13

Today's session

Objectives

- Establish the link between mobile and content
- Outline the security considerations for mobile content
- Share best practices for content security

Agenda

- What is Mobile First?
- Content security use cases
- Baseline best practices
- Hacker threats and countermeasures
- Evolution of security model







Definition...

Mobile First organizations embrace mobility as their primary IT platform in order to transform their businesses and increase their competitiveness.

In a Mobile First Company...

APPLICATIONS

New apps are developed and delivered to mobile devices first

Core business processes can be performed on any device



CONTENT

Content of all types is easily and securely available on any device

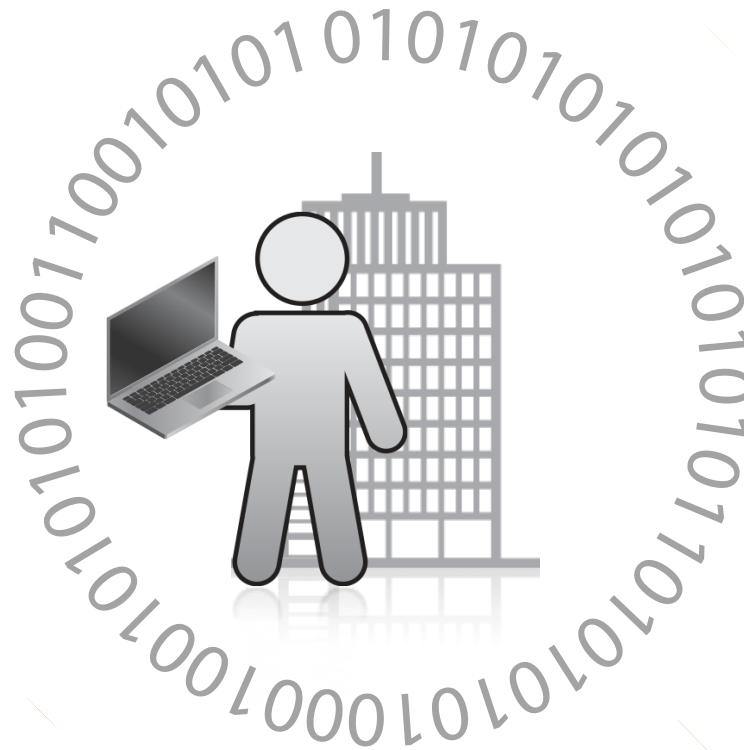
USER EXPERIENCES

End users choose their devices

Security is invisible to end users

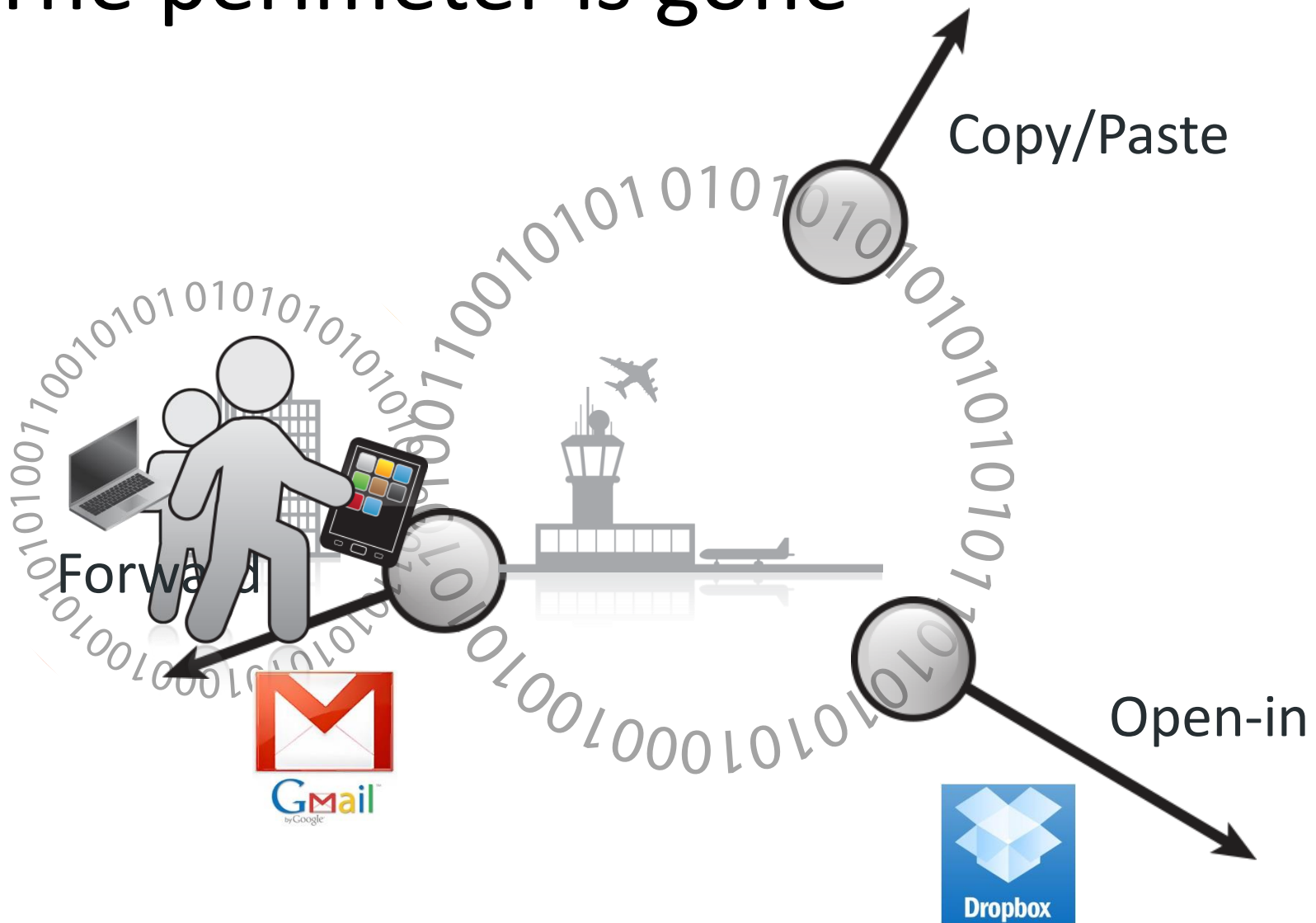
User experience is the #1 design criteria


Traditional enterprise security



Firewall
& VPN

The perimeter is gone





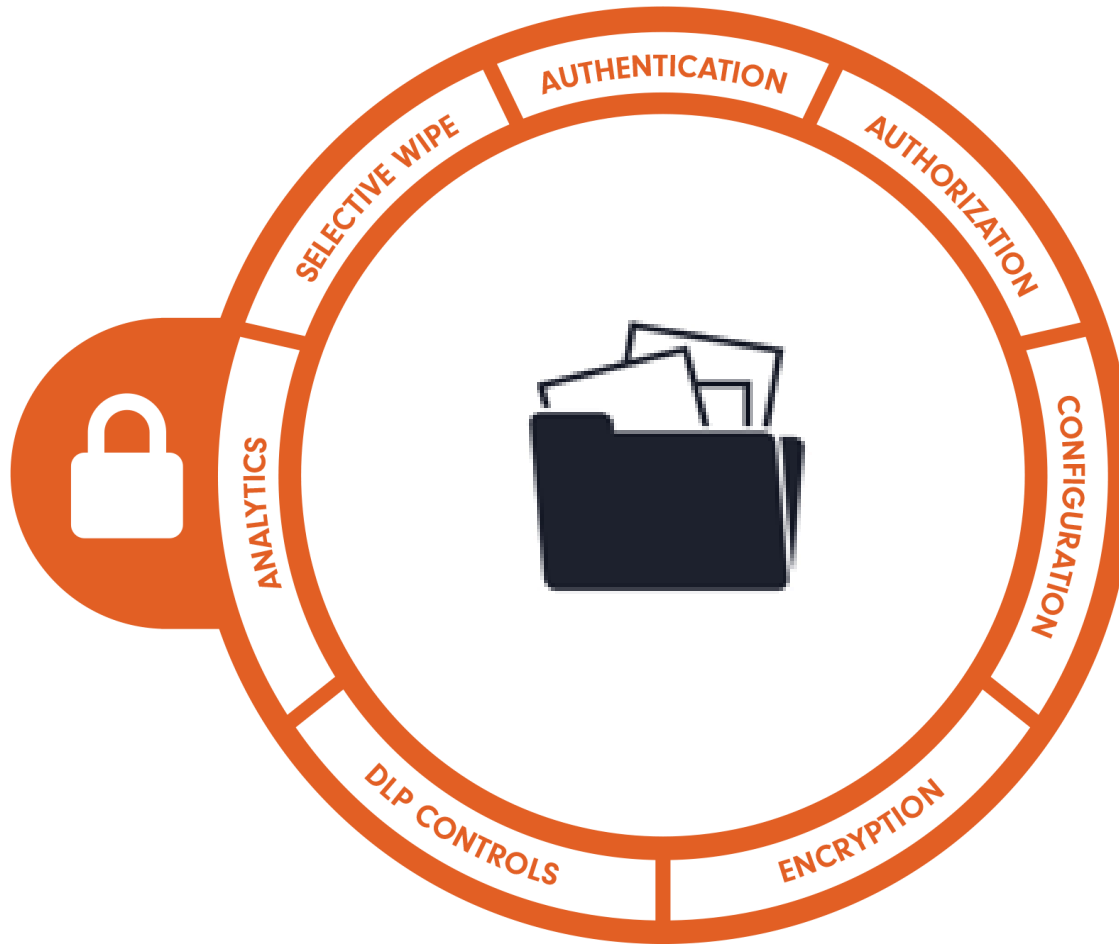
“The more the CIO says ‘No,’ the less secure the organization becomes.”

Vivek Kundra
CIO, United States, February 2011

“Responsible, not restrictive.”

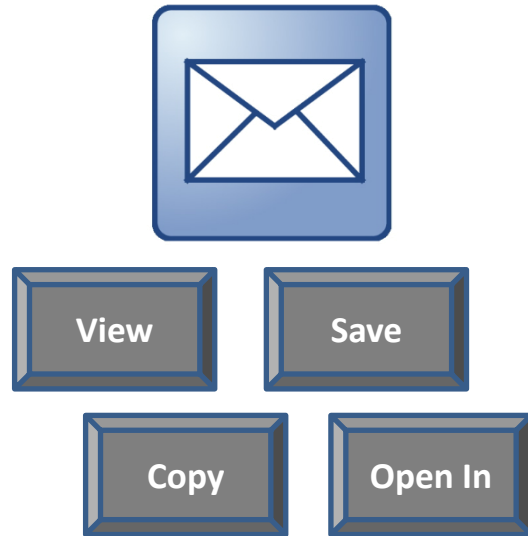
Mike Brannon
National Gypsum

Securing data-at-rest

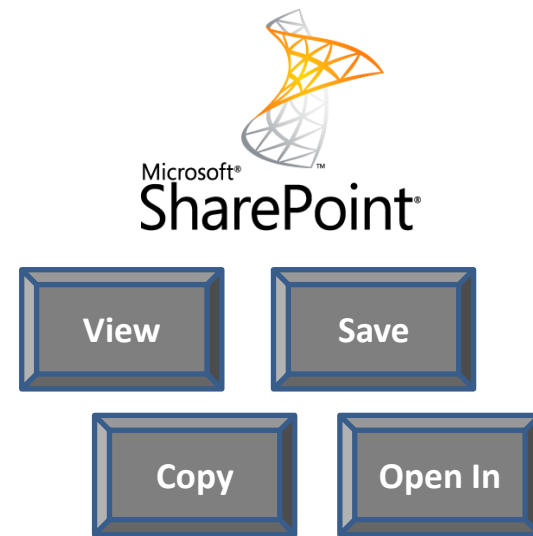


Two primary document repositories

Email attachments



SharePoint documents

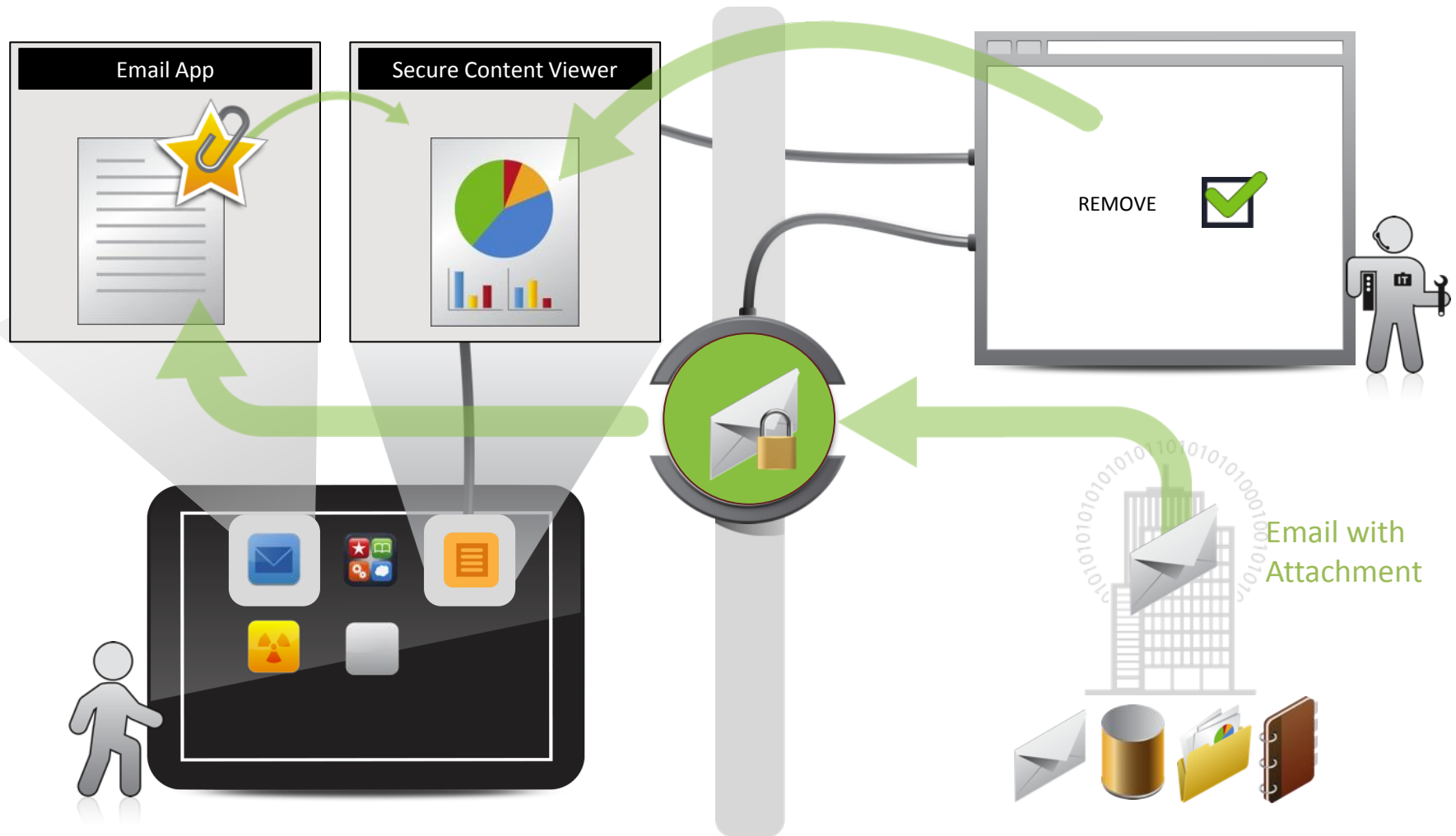


- Solve “**open in**” problem
- Store documents securely on device
- Control cut / copy / paste actions
- Selectively wipe documents
- Prevent unauthorized distribution

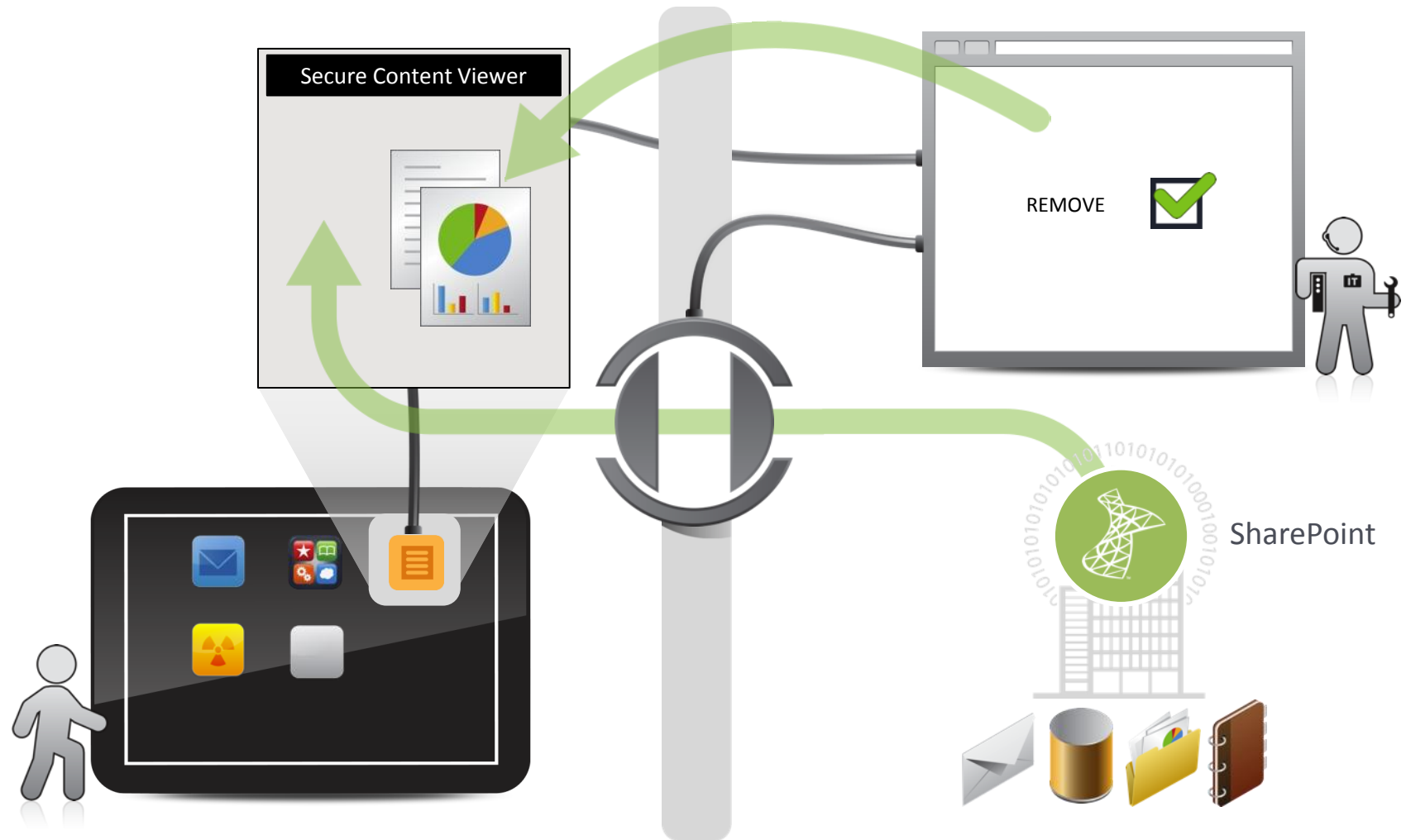


- Control end-to-end with policy
- Leverage existing content repositories

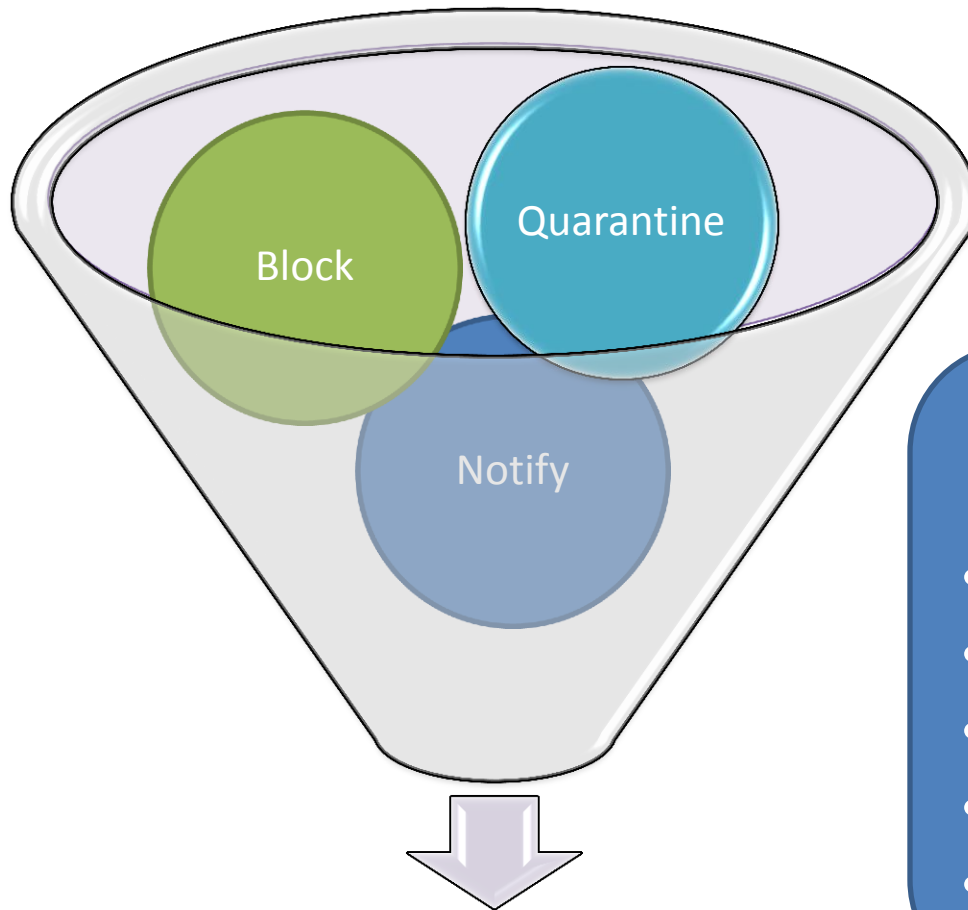
Securing email attachments



Securing SharePoint



Closed loop actions when compromised

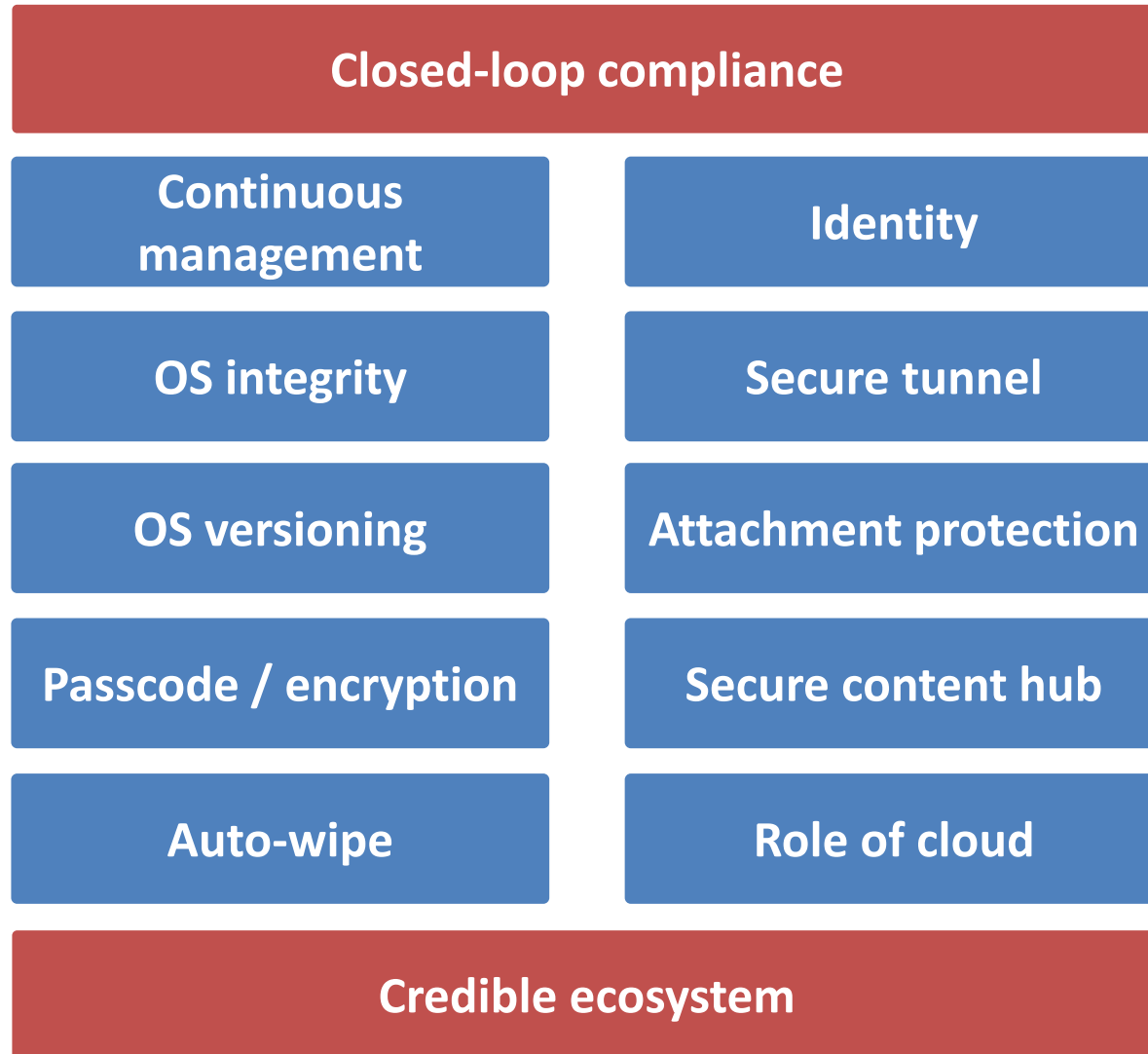


Remediation

Closed-loop actions

- Notify user and admin
- Prevent access
- Remove saved files
- Remove SharePoint config
- Protect enterprise persona

Best practices for data loss prevention



Security considerations 2014+

Content always one-click from cloud -> **co-habitate responsibly**

“No” not a sustainable option -> **provide credible alternatives**

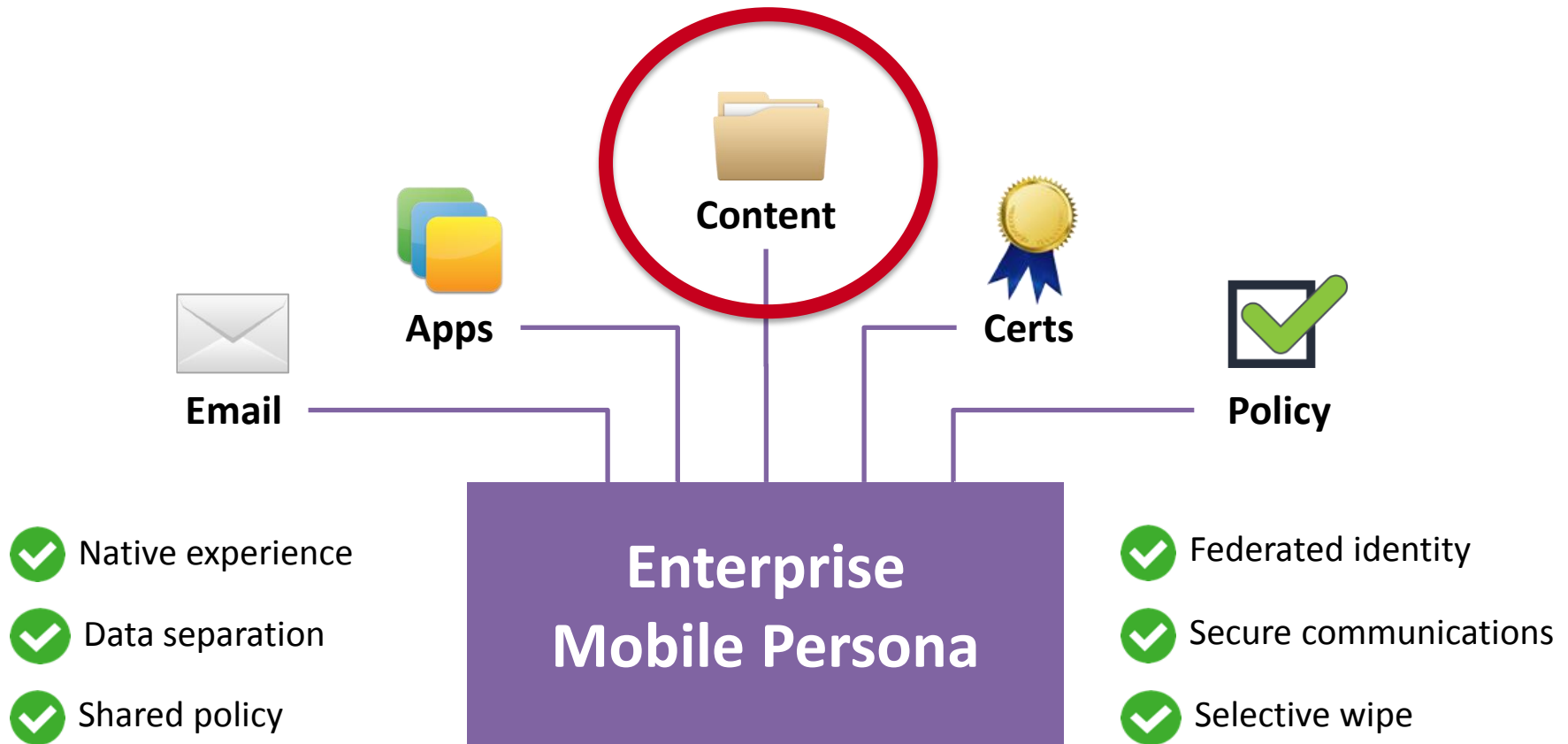
Massive content ecosystem -> **crowd-source but don't lock-in**

Dynamic risk at endpoint -> **automate your mobile trust model**

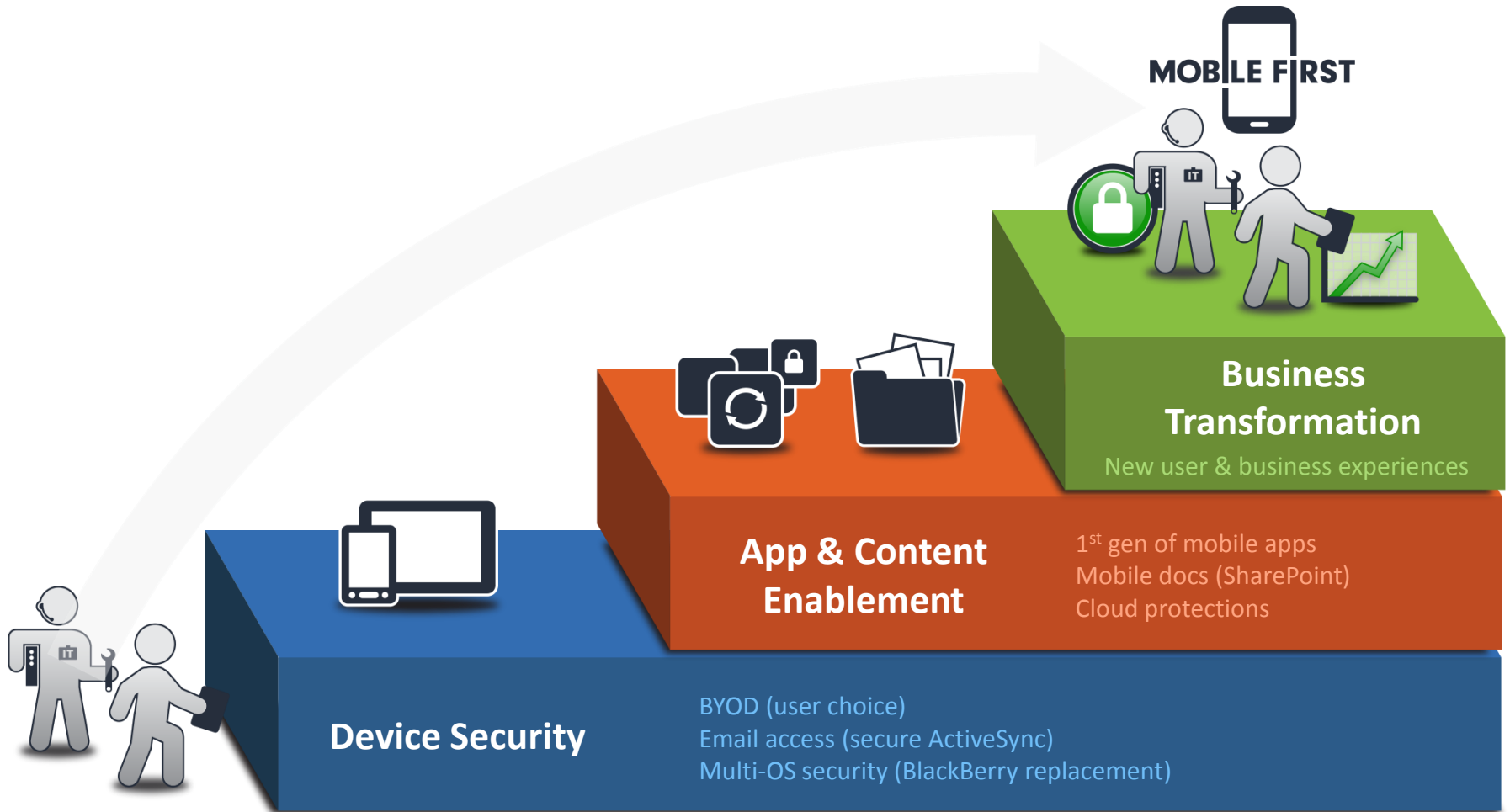
Uncertain economics -> **establish “help-yourself-desk”**

Blurring between content and app -> **explore new forms**

Content does not exist in isolation

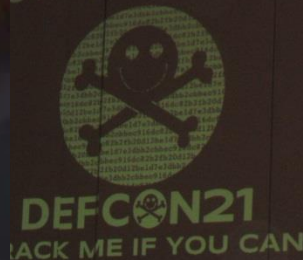


Journey to the Mobile First enterprise





Hacker culture



```
File Edit View Terminal Help
checking if libpcap is suitable... checking whether pcap_get_selectable_fd is dec
```



```
odm_initialize in -lodm... no
odm_initialize in -lodm... (cached) no
_system_configuration in -lcfg... no
eating ./config.status
: creating Makefile
: WARNING: 'Makefile.in' seems to ignore the --datarootdir setting
: creating config.h
: config.h is unchanged
```



```
Configuration complete.

Ncat: A modern interpretation of classic Netcat

Configuration complete.

NMAP IS A POWERFUL TOOL -- USE CAREFULLY AND RESPONSIBLY
Configuration complete. Type make (or gmake on some *BSD machines) to compile.
root@bt:/tmp/nmap#
```

Motivations

Joining the “elite”

- Show technical prowess
- Publish that exploit first

A poke in the eye of bureaucracy

- “Big Business”
- “Big Government”

Criminal intent

- Corporate espionage
- Money or credit card numbers

Payback for wrong deed

- Revenge!

Rule the world!

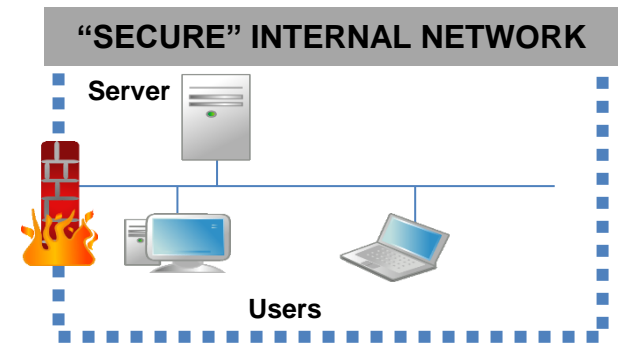


World has changed – for IT and hacker

New gen operating systems are sandboxed



Network edge has blurred



User is low-hanging fruit

Mobile attack vectors

Spyware and malware

Data is harvested and sent to malicious site.



Jailbreak / root

Device is opened to vulnerabilities leading to data exposure.



User

Admin

Device

Wireless
Network

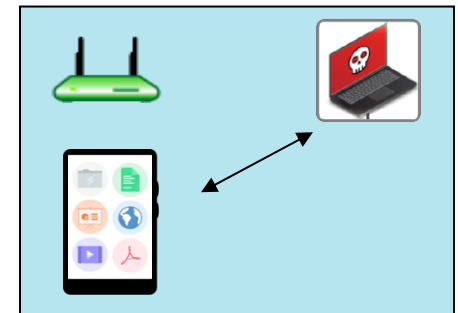
User data leakage

Copy/paste, open in, etc. lead to leaks from well-intentioned users.

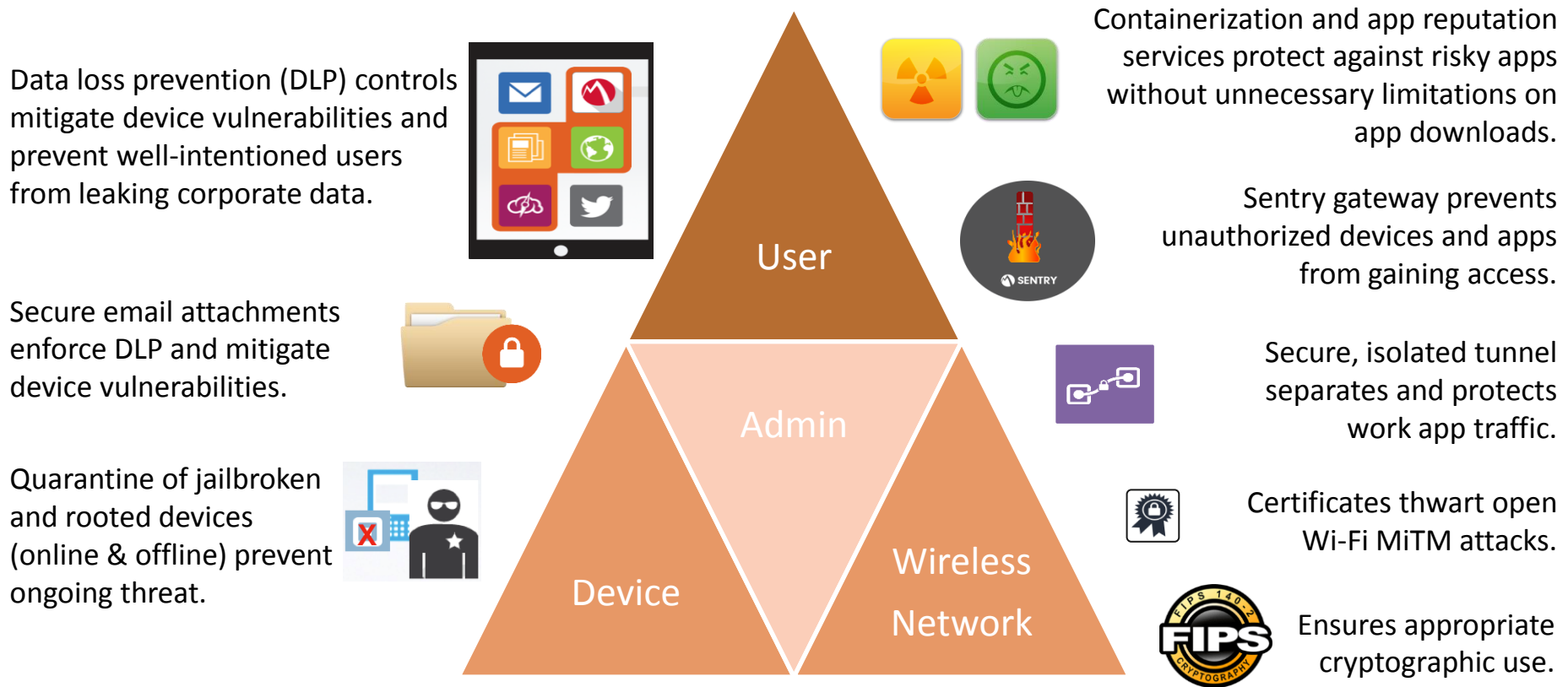


Unprotected networks

Rogue access point, man-in-the-middle, etc. capture data.



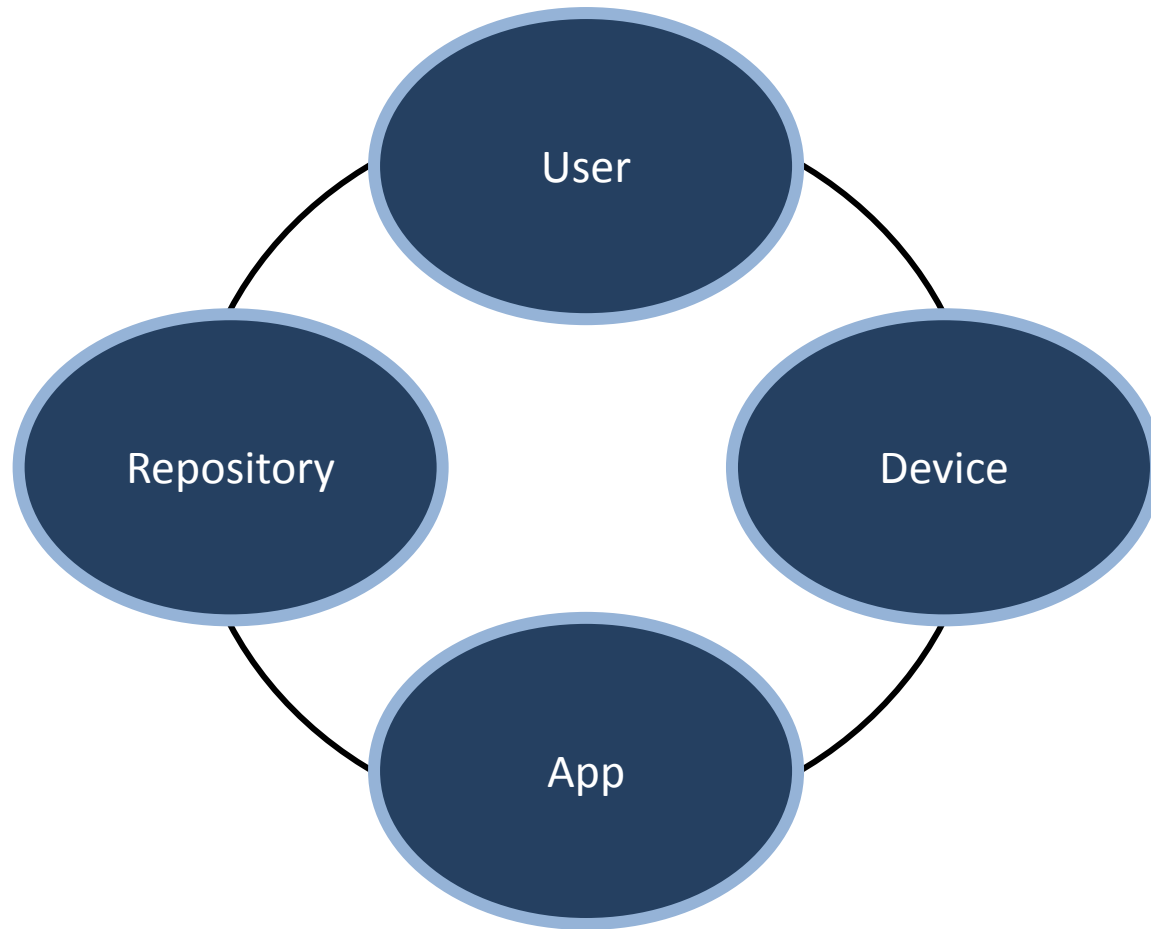
Countermeasures framework



The new enterprise IT architecture



Circle of trust



Evolution of IT: Agility is the new security

*What factors would **most** contribute to your organization's ability to maintain an **effective** mobile strategy over time?*

Source: Ponemon Institute, March 2014

Most important factors for mobile success (7 = most important to 1 = least important)

Agility and preparedness for change	6.58
Ample resources	6.01
Enabling technologies	5.60
Knowledgeable or expert staff	5.13
Collaboration among business units	4.24
Effective leadership	3.97
A strong mobile security posture	2.61

Attendee profile

68% have a BYOD program

71% use identity certificates

73% have an enterprise app store

70% have deployed Android

37% use API for integration

55% will EOL BlackBerry by end of year

Major technology and business transition

1960+



Mainframe
Era

1980+



PC
Era

1995+



Internet
Era

2010+



Mobile First
Era

Past technology transitions

Change the
way people work

Disrupt enterprise
architectures

Create opportunities
for innovation



MobileIron®



**Mobility unlocks human potential
in the workplace**

MobileIron: Purpose-built architecture for enterprise security and management

End user

IT





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